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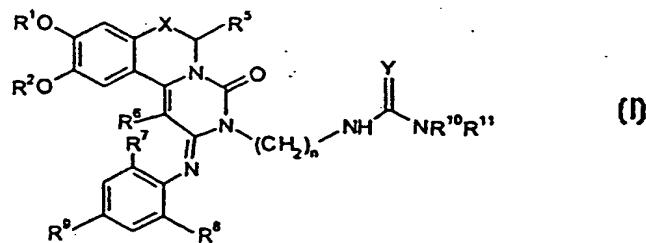
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(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US):		VANGUARD MEDICA LIMITED [GB/GB]; Chancellor Court, Surrey Research Park, Guildford, Surrey GU2 5SF (GB).		
(72) Inventors; and				
(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only):		OXFORD, Alexander, William [GB/GB]; 60 Green Drift, Royston, Hertfordshire SG8 5BX (GB). JACK, David [GB/GB]; 6 The Slype, Gustard Wood, Wheathampstead, Hertfordshire AL4 8RY (GB).		
(74) Agents:		SHEARD, Andrew, Gregory et al.; Kilburn & Strode, 20 Red Lion Street, London WC1R 4PJ (GB).		
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(57) Abstract

Compounds of general formula (I) wherein each of R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> independently represents a C<sub>1</sub>-<sub>6</sub> alkyl or C<sub>2</sub>-<sub>7</sub> acyl group; R<sup>5</sup> represents a hydrogen atom or a C<sub>1</sub>-<sub>3</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-<sub>3</sub> alkenyl or C<sub>2</sub>-<sub>3</sub> alkynyl group; R<sup>6</sup> represents a hydrogen atom or a C<sub>1</sub>-<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, amino, C<sub>1</sub>-<sub>6</sub> alkylamino, di(C<sub>1</sub>-<sub>6</sub>) alkylamino or C<sub>2</sub>-<sub>7</sub> acylamino group; each of R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> independently represents a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom or a hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, C<sub>1</sub>-<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>2</sub>-<sub>7</sub> acyl, C<sub>1</sub>-<sub>6</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>3</sub>-<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-<sub>6</sub> alkoxy or C<sub>3</sub>-<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl group; X represents OCH<sub>2</sub> or a group CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>, wherein each of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> independently represents a hydrogen atom or a C<sub>1</sub>-<sub>3</sub> alkyl group; each of R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> independently represents a hydrogen atom, a C<sub>1</sub>-<sub>3</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl or phenyl group; Y represents an oxygen atom or a group CHNO<sub>2</sub>, NCN, NH or NNO<sub>2</sub>, n is an integer from 2 to 4; or a salt thereof; are useful for treatment of respiratory disorders such as asthma. Compounds of the invention have a longer duration of action than the known compound trequinsin (9, 10-dimethoxy-3-methyl-2-mesitylimino-2,3,6,7-tetrahydro-4H-pyrimido[6,1-a]isoquinolin-4-one) and do not have trequinsin's very bitter taste.